

STATUE MAY BE ERECTED TO BYRD

City Fathers All Heartily
Favor The Times-
Dispatch Plan.

MAY NAME PARK IN BYRD'S HONOR

Mayor McCarthy, Colonel Cutshaw, President Peters, Aldermen and Councilmen All Pledge Themselves to Carry Through the Plan.

The suggestion made by The Times-Dispatch that Reservoir Park be rechristened "Byrd Park" in memory of Colonel William Byrd, founder of Richmond, is meeting with general approval by all classes of citizens, who are outspoken in their praise of the plan.

It is pointed out that no memorial to Colonel Byrd is in the city other than the short street which bears his name, and a very handsome full-length portrait of the founder which hangs in the Council Chamber.

Almost every prominent Virginian has been honored in some manner, but the name of the man who brought Richmond into being is practically unknown, and is certainly unloved here.

That this illustrious state of affairs is a disgrace to the city is, however, an opinion shared by the people, and in favor of the Times-Dispatch's plan to honor the Lord of Westover.

Some are of the opinion that a handsome monument should be erected in the city, others that the Reservoir Park should bear the name, while Colonel Cutshaw, the City Engineer, suggests that Mayor's Island be purchased, converted into a park and named for William Byrd.

May Erect Statue.

Alderman Cutshaw's idea is to erect a handsome statue to Byrd, and place it in the north hall of the City Hall.

No matter what difference of opinion are expressed, all are agreed with The Times-Dispatch that Colonel Byrd should be honored by the city of Richmond, and in a manner worthy of his name, founder of the city and its namesake.

Mayor McCarthy, in speaking of the plan, said:

"I am greatly in favor of the proposed plan to call the park at the Reservoir 'Byrd Park' in honor of Colonel Byrd. The city should not only do this, but should appropriate a sum for the purpose of erecting a handsome monument to the founder of Richmond. At a later time I will express myself at greater length, and go into the matter in detail."

Mr. Gilbert Pollock said:

"I am not in favor of changing the name of Reservoir Park to 'Byrd Park' as it is an attractive name to the people. I am in favor of erecting a statue to Colonel Byrd. The city should build a statue at once to the great founder and I will vote for a proposition to do this."

Mr. H. H. Pollock, Jr., gave his view as follows:

"The idea of changing the name of Reservoir Park to 'Byrd Park' is quite an attractive one to me. Colonel William Byrd founded our city in 1736, and is the only one whose name has been given to a street in this city."

"Yes, let's call it 'Byrd Park' and have the City Council build a monument to his honor in one of the avenues entering the park."

Mr. J. H. Wood spoke heartily in favor of the plan. He said:

"I will vote to change the name of 'Reservoir Park' to 'Byrd Park' and I very heartily endorse the plan of erecting a monument to Colonel Byrd."

Alderman Dabney said:

"I am in favor of erecting a handsome statue to Colonel Byrd and placing it in the City Hall. That is the place for it. The City Square might do, but for that is State territory and the monument to Colonel Byrd should be strictly a Richmond affair. The location in the City Hall that I would propose is directly across the main skylight on the spot where General Fitzhugh Lee's body rested in state."

Alderman Grist said he favored the Times-Dispatch plan and would give it his support. He thought it strange, he said, that the city had not before this time taken steps to erect some fitting memorial to its founder.

President Peters's Views.

President H. B. Peters, of the Common Council, addressed the following letter to The Times-Dispatch regarding the Byrd memorial:

Editor of The Times-Dispatch:

Sir:—Having read your editorial in this morning's Dispatch in reference to changing the name of Reservoir Park to Byrd Park in honor of William Byrd, the founder of the city of Richmond, I wish to say that I am heartily in favor of the movement, and am glad to learn that some one has taken this question up and brought it to the attention of the citizens of the city. In no opinion the city of Richmond should have long before this erected some suitable monument in honor of his memory, and I have often thought of bringing this matter to the attention of the City Council.

The large old painting of this distinguished gentleman which now adorns the walls of the Council Chamber is about the largest mark of respect in the city, and I would suggest, however, that no name one of our prominent parks, Reservoir Park, in honor of the Honorable William Byrd, the founder of our beautiful and beloved city, and that the City Council should erect in this park a monument further to his memory. I wish to say further that I am ready and willing to aid and assist any movement of this kind, and if the city of Richmond should not deem it advisable to appropriate money for this worthy cause

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BRYAN RUSHED ON NEW HAVEN TRIP

Has a Whirl That Reminds Him of Strenuous Campaign Days

HAS CONFERENCE WITH DEMOCRATS

Speaks With Earnestness of the Problems Party Must Face in Campaign—Pays His Respects to Republican Stand-patism.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., August 31.—The visit of William Jennings Bryan to Connecticut to-day must have strongly reminded him of the strenuous days during his presidential campaign, for he delivered four addresses, each of considerable length, attended two receptions and was the center of handshaking bees whenever his admirers could reach him.

All this was crowded into the hours between noon, when he reached this city, and the hour of his retirement to the hotel at the guest of former Senator Archibald McNeil, of Bridgeport. Everywhere he was heartily welcomed, although there was an absence of street demonstrations both here and in Bridgeport. His audience, however, at times was widely enthusiastic, and especially at the luncheon hour.

The features of the day were the luncheon and the conference of New England Democrats. At the former Mr. Bryan was welcomed to the city and State with a cordiality that for warmth has seldom been extended to a visitor, and at the latter he stood before a representative body of New England Democrats, and with great earnestness spoke of the problems which the party must face in the coming campaign.

Mr. Bryan spoke at the luncheon at the address that New England never had seen in good breeding place for Democratic speakers. He had never considered it, and neither did Jackson.

A delay at the start of Mr. Bryan's trip caused an overlapping of the three meetings here, to the disappointment of many. The mass-meeting in the green hall to be started before the luncheon was actually over, and the Democratic conference was so crowded that it was time for Mr. Bryan to deliver his third address of the day. The chief change in the program here was the inclusion of Ex-Governor Charles F. Johnson, of Rhode Island, as one of the speakers, after the address he had prepared for the luncheon, had been ruled out as being out of place at a strictly non-partisan gathering. The change being made at the last moment, Mr. Bryan spoke at the luncheon, however, paying a tribute to the spiritiveness of Mr. Johnson.

Mr. Bryan left New Haven for Bridgeport shortly before 6 o'clock, in that city going to the home of Mr. McNeil for dinner, and later addressing an audience at the armory. Both of the main addresses at the mass-meetings were being given at the address at Madison square, which last night touching upon the subject which he has declared to be of paramount importance at this time.

Tomorrow morning Mr. Bryan will return to New York. Most of the members of his party who were with him to-day left for their homes to-night.

NEW HAVEN'S GREETING.

Great Crowd at the Station and Hearty Cheers Given.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., August 31.—William J. Bryan reached New Haven at 12:30 o'clock, the car crowded by the party being detached and set on a siding. At the station was a long line of carriages for the members of the party and about the station and on the nearby streets the crowd gazed the walks, and a hearty round of cheers was given the arrival. Many of the men gathered were employees of nearby factories, and of downtown office buildings.

Mr. Bryan was greeted by Lieutenant Governor Woodruff and Mayor Studley, the latter riding with Mr. Bryan, together with ex-Governor McNeil, of Bridgeport, and Chairman Hewitt, of the local committee.

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CYCLONE PREVAILS EAST OF BARBADOS

Information Too Meagre to Determine Its Intensity or Future Course.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 31.—The Weather Bureau tonight announced that a disturbance of cyclonic proportions is prevailing east of Barbadoes. The cable report came from the observation at Barbadoes, and as there are no reports from the other stations in the West Indies, the Weather Bureau is unable to determine the future course of the storm, nor its intensity.

Reports locating the storm and its extent are expected to reach here in the morning. The Weather Bureau in its forecast to-night says that the fall of 14.36 inches of rain in this city during August broke all records in Washington, and it rained with remarkable persistency throughout the East, which was due to the abnormal distribution of barometric pressure, and that the indications are now for more normal conditions.

Secretary Root at Lota.

SANTIAGO, CHILE, August 31.—5 P. M.—The United States cruiser Charleston, with Secretary Root and party on board, has anchored at Lota.



MOVING DAY!

UNION HAS RIGHT TO USE INFLUENCE

District Justice Decides in Labor Organization's Favor in Boycott Case.

RIGHT OF INDIVIDUAL LIBERTY

This Principle Involved, Judge Stafford Declares.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 31.—The right of labor unions and their sympathizers to call on their friends to withhold patronage from a non-union trader, was recognized as not being illegal by Justice Stafford, in the District Supreme Court, here to-day.

In making this decision, Justice Stafford dismissed the temporary injunction against the Bakery and Confectionery Workers Union, which had been obtained by John Bender, a local baker, who alleged that he was being harassed by means of a systematic boycott of him, and that his customers had been asked to withhold patronage from him. The principal involved was the right of individual liberty, both of the complainant and the defendant and that therefore, so long as all parties concerned were left free to follow their own choice, as they decided their interests, the court was not disturbed. Therefore, he said, there was no infringement of the personal liberty of any one.

The court referred to the existence of a combination, but said that its purpose was not divulged. Therefore, he said, no other rational explanation of the conduct of the defendants can be found than that they have combined to demonstrate to Bender that he cannot conduct a profitable business with non-union help, and thereby compel him to employ union men. The court held that such a combination was lawful.

BRYAN AND HEARST COMING TO RADFORD

They Accept Invitations From ex-Governor Tyler to Attend Fair.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
RADFORD, VA., August 31.—William Jennings Bryan and William Randolph Hearst have accepted invitations to attend the great district fair to be held at Radford the second week in September.

This news was conveyed by telegram received by Manager Fox this afternoon from ex-Governor J. Hoge Tyler, chairman of the executive committee of the fair, who is now in New York attending the Bryan reception.

Elaborate preparations will be made to entertain the distinguished visitors, and the town will be taxed to accommodate the crowd that will assemble Bryan Day.

Rev. J. P. Campbell Dead.

HINTON, W. VA., August 31.—Rev. J. P. Campbell, well known throughout Virginia, West Virginia and Kentucky, died here to-day from a complication of diseases. He was sixty years old.

SHERIDAN ASHORE ON BARBER'S POINT

The Transport's Main Steam-Pipe Broken and She Hangs on the Rocks, Helpless.

SHIP MAY YET BE SAVED

Her 125 Passengers to Be Taken Off, and Captain Peabody Hopeful for Boat.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
HONOLULU, August 31.—United States army transport Sheridan is ashore on Barber's Point, the southwestern extremity of the island of Oahu, on which Honolulu is located.

The Sheridan's main steam-pipe is broken, and the vessel is helpless, so far as her own power is concerned. It is reported that the breaking of the pipe occurred just before the steamer grounded, and that the crippled condition of her engines was the cause of the accident. The pipe broke at 1:35 o'clock this morning. Immediately after the vessel struck the reef the life-boats were lowered, and efforts made to reach the shore. The position of the vessel appears to be apparently alarming, but her boats have not been able to find a place where they can land.

The natives are now getting to the vessel through the surf in canoes. Captain Peabody says that if power is applied quickly he believes the ship can be saved, but otherwise there is little hope for the transport. The swell is very heavy, and the coral reefs are very sharp. Good order is maintained on board the vessel. The transfer of passengers either to the shore or to other craft, so they can be brought to this city, is a serious problem.

Hanging on a Rock.

The second officer of the Sheridan has come ashore. His boat was swamped in the breakers but he was landed safely by Captain Peabody. He has signalled the steamer Claudine to take the Sheridan's passengers to Honolulu. If possible the transfer will be made once the revenue cutter Manning arrives. The Sheridan is now hanging on a rock amidst ships with deep water all around.

The Sheridan's engines are being repaired and coal is being rapidly thrown overboard with a view of trying to float her at high tide. Captain Peabody is quoted to have assumed all responsibility for the accident, saying that the vessel was in too close.

The Sheridan has aboard 125 passengers and fifty soldier.

The Sheridan is 44 feet five inches long and forty-eight feet five inches beam. Her gross tonnage is 2,678, and her draught, under normal conditions, is thirty feet. She was built in Ireland in 1892, and was formerly known as the British steamer Massachusetts. During the Spanish-American War she was taken into the service of the United States government, and her name was changed to Sheridan. In accordance with the plans of giving names of eminent commanders to the army transports.

FRANK YOUNG DISCHARGED; THE LAW UNCONSTITUTIONAL

MONTGOMERY, ALA., August 31.—United States Commissioner Elmore to-day held the British law of Congress unconstitutional, and discharged Frank Young, a dispatcher of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad from custody. Young had been charged with violating the law in discharging members of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers in the employ of the railroad. This was the first victory for the railroad, the accused along the same line at Louisville and Birmingham having been bound over.

NORTH CAROLINA DOCTOR'S SUICIDE

Shoots a Pistol Ball Into His Mouth, Which Lodges in His Brain.

SUFFERED WITH INSOMNIA

His Wife an Invalid in Cincinnati, Where She Is Under Treatment.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 31.—Cold in death, and in his hand a revolver with one empty chamber, Dr. James Donald Wilson, of Andrews, N. C., was found dead about 5 o'clock this morning in the room which he occupied at No. 1225 Park Road, Northwest. The police of the Tenth Precinct were notified, and through them Coroner Nevitt was told of the matter. He investigated the circumstances of the death, pronounced the case to be one of suicide, and the body was removed to the morgue for the performance of an autopsy. Ill health, affecting the brain, was the cause ascribed for the rash act. He had been a sufferer for years, and had intimated that he might and it all some day by his own hand.

Dr. Wilson had acted peculiarly for some months past, and the effects of the disease is ascribed as the cause. He has been troubled with insomnia. He has seldom gone to bed at night. His father, Ebenezer Wilson, retired early last evening in the same room as that in which Dr. Wilson was sitting. He left his son sitting in a chair, as usual, when he awoke this morning about 5 o'clock, he noticed his son sitting in a chair at the window, apparently asleep. He undertook to arouse him, when he discovered

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HUNDRED THOUSAND FOR THE PRESIDENT

Maynard Declared the Bill a Democratic Measure.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
NOBLEFOLK, VA., August 31.—Representative Maynard, in a speech in Portsmouth to-night, said that as a Democratic measure, he introduced the bill in Congress increasing the President's salary to \$100,000. Under the present system, he said, of special appropriations, the President receives near a quarter of a million annually. He thought the \$100,000 enough for all purposes.

ROB THE POSTOFFICE; ESCAPE IN AUTOMOBILE

KINGSTON, August 31.—The automobile robbers who have committed depredations in Long Island have probably appeared in this vicinity. Early to-day three men and a woman, all masked, entered the postoffice at Highland. They blew open the safe, took \$200 in money and \$500 in stamps, and escaped in an automobile when residents, who had been aroused, came on the scene.

CZAR IS SCARED AND WEARS MAIL

Walks in Meadow and Any One Approaching is Shot Down.

VLADIMIR, ANGRY, STRIKES TREPPOFF

He Quarrels With the Emperor and Creates a Scene—Premier Stolypin Sends Out Circular Telling Governors Not to Fear Terrorists.

USOVKA, RUSSIA, August 31.—A boy was thrown at a wedding procession here to-day, killing or wounding sixteen persons, the perpetrator of the outrage being among those killed.

(Special Copyright Cable to The Times-Dispatch from New York World.)
ST. PETERSBURG, August 31.—The czar is so fearful of being assassinated that he habitually wears a shirt of mail while giving audiences and when he goes for a walk. After luncheon he goes for a walk in a broad meadow, which is surrounded by the most trusted soldiers. There are no trees nor bushes near it, and any one approaching him must come out in the open.

General Treppoff has issued orders that any one entering the meadow is to be shot down without challenge. One of the czar's maids was shot in this way last week. She was carrying a message from the czar to the czar, who was walking in the meadow. The message was an urgent one. It was believed that her known fidelity and her position would render her secure. She had gone but a short distance in the meadow, however, when she was shot down.

The relations of the Dowager Empress and the Grand Duke Vladimir with the czar and the czarina are very much strained.

The Grand Duke, after dinner about a week ago, caused a scene with the czar over the latter's refusal to appoint Admiral A. G. Goltz to a post in Premier Stolypin's cabinet. The czar sent for General Treppoff to come in and order the Grand Duke. As Treppoff entered the room the Grand Duke struck him on the head with his walking cane. General Treppoff and his adjutant seized the Grand Duke and dragged him to a bath-room, where he fell into a stupor, after exhausting himself in his efforts to batter down the door. It was in this ill-timed report of General Treppoff's illness originated.

Sends Reassuring Circular.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 31.—Premier Stolypin has sent a circular to the governors instructing them not to be alarmed by the threats or acts of terrorists, as he is sure the population generally will eventually come to the support of the authorities in the war against the revolutionaries.

The court which has been hearing the charges against newspapers has permanently suppressed the Nakhla. Shen for violation of the press laws. M. Vodovozoff, its editor, has been sentenced to a year's imprisonment in a fortress.

19 Sveaborg Mutineers Shot.

LONDON, August 31.—A dispatch to a news agency from Helsingfors, Finland, today announced that nineteen soldiers found guilty of participating in a recent mutiny at Sveaborg fortress, were shot to-day; that three civilians convicted of incitement to mutiny were hanged, and that others were sentenced to prison for terms varying from five to fifteen years.

Robbers Destroy Church.

MOSCOW, August 31.—A church situated near the railroad station at Butovo was completely destroyed last night by robbers, who even carried off the altar cross.

Refused to Fight Duel.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 31.—M. Yakovlev, the representative of Grodnin in the late Parliament, who recently was challenged to fight a duel by Lieutenant of the army, Manchukoff, for accusing an open letter to-day says he already had rejected the challenge in an open way. He said he was not satisfied with Manchukoff's letter, and was willing to submit the issue to a court of honor.

WAS HEAVILY ARMED BUT THEY GOT HIM

Young Man Who Attempted Highway Robbery Caught After a Long Chase.

NEW YORK, August 31.—After a chase lasting nearly a dozen blocks during which he had drawn a revolver and threatened to shoot any one who followed him, Charles Anderson, twenty-five years of age, was arrested tonight on charges of attempted highway robbery and attempted felonious assault, the former charge being made by Katherine Becker, of East One Hundred and Ninth Street. Miss Becker was about to enter her home when she was attacked by Anderson. She resisted pluckily and succeeded in knocking down her assailant. He ran, pursued by Miss Becker and a crowd of men. Seeing his pursuers gaining on him Anderson drew a revolver and threatened to shoot. A policeman pursued him for nearly half a mile and caught him in a back yard. On the prisoner were found a revolver, a blackjacking and a jimmy.

PARK MINING COMPANY IN RECEIVER'S HANDS

BOSTON, MASS., August 31.—The Taylor Park Mining Company, a Colorado corporation, capitalized for \$50,000, was placed in the hands of a receiver to-day. The receivership is the result of charges made by Clarence H. Knight, of this city, a creditor for \$25,000, who alleged that the company is hopelessly insolvent, and owes \$213,368. The company is engaged in mining gold at Dochowater, Col. It has offices at Colorado Springs and Boston. Thomas E. Goodale was named receiver.

The receiver was asked for in order that the property might be held together and administered as a whole. The company did not oppose the appointment of the receiver, who immediately assumed charge.

TAKING UP ARMS IN EVERY SECTION

Insurrection in Cuba Threatens to Sweep Over Entire Island.

SANTIAGO UPRISING CAUSES CONCERN

Insurgents Control All Towns in Santa Clara and Surrounding — Government Making Progress, But Doing Little Fighting.

HAVANA, August 31.—The situation is far darker to-night than at any previous time since the insurrection broke out. News of an uprising in Santiago province, while not yet published here, is spreading about the city and causing the gravest concern.

When Mr. Sleeper, the American chargé d'affaires here, was told the contents of an Associated Press Santiago dispatch, he endeavored to verify it through the State Department, but was told it was absolutely untrue. Subsequently the dispatch was verified from private and newspaper sources. The extent of the rising in Santiago is not known, but it is the opinion here that the worst calamity of all to the Palma government would be an insurrection in Eastern Cuba.

The Associated Press was informed to-night by two reliable eye-witnesses that Cardenas, who hitherto has been considered a perfectly peaceful city, was the scene yesterday of desultory fighting between police and regular guards on the one side and roving insurgents on the other.

But One is Peaceful.

The only province remaining perfectly peaceful is Pinar del Rio. Principally because having great cattle interests there are apprehensive lest it too become the field of insurrectionary operations.

The Associated Press correspondent at Cienfuegos telegraphed to-night that there were 2,000 armed insurgents in that vicinity, and that all the small towns in Santa Clara province are controlled by insurgents, who attack and loot trains and seize the property of foreigners as well as of Cubans.

Trinidad is surrounded by insurgents, and the government appears powerless to protect the property of Americans and other foreigners. The Cuban central railway has declined to assume responsibility for the safety of passengers or freight.

Making Good Head-way.

Revering for the government forces is making good progress here. The government is endeavoring to make the headway wherever there is open fighting. The troops in the western portion of Pinar del Rio province have not yet come up with Pino Guevara. There are thousands of insurrectionists in the hills, with which the insurgents are familiar, and which lead in all directions.

If Guevara could harness the government troops, the troops could be killed off by sharpshooters. The government has no power in Pinar del Rio, and the only real soldiers are the artillerymen, but as they are afraid, they cannot cope with the well-mounted veterans of the insurgents.

With a view to calming public feeling, a dispatch from the Cuban capital, Santa Clara province was given out at the palace to-day, but its statements are not borne out by any other testimony.

Seeking Protection.

Americans who come to the legation to ask for the protection of their property are answered by an immediate call upon the government of Cuba, which promises to do the best it can for them.

Chargé d'affaires Sleeper advises all such callers to file their complaints in the legation, and to forward copies of the papers to the legation.

To add to the general apprehension, the American Protestant missionaries of Havana, who are in general charge of the field work that reports from missionaries outside of Havana are particularly anxious in stating that the insurrection is sweeping all the country districts in the western half of the island, and that they are unable to continue their several districts.

ESTABLISH CUBAN JUNTA.

Direct Its Efforts to Keep Americans Posted.

NEW YORK, August 31.—In an office building at Pine and Water streets, the Cuban Junta established offices to-day. Colonel Aguirre, Major Juan A. Castellet, and Senator Navarro, who is the official representative of the revolutionary movement in this city, were present. They said that the Junta in New York is not to be used for the purpose of actively supporting the armed forces of the revolution. Its efforts, he said, will be directed solely to keeping the American people informed as to the true course of the movement.

Arms and ammunition, he said, could more easily be sent into Cuba from Jamaica than from here.

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